Printed Pages : 4	760	EAS-101

(Following	<b>Paper</b>	ID	and	Roll	No.	to	be	filled	in	your
Answer Book)										

Paper ID: 199121

Roll No	·III		П	Τ
		 		_

B. Tech.

# (SEM. I) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2015-16 ENGINEERING PHYSICS-I

[Time: 3 hours] [Total Marks: 100]

#### SECTION-A

- 1. Attempt all parts. All parts carry equal marks. Write answer of each part in short. (2x10=20)
  - (a) Is earth an inertial frame? Explain.
  - (b) What is significance of mass energy relation?
  - (c) Two independent sources cannot produce interference. Why?
  - (d) What happen when young doubel slit experiment immersed in water?
  - (e) What will be the effect on the intensity of principal maxima of diffraction pattern when single slit is replaced by double slit?

- (f) What is the difference between plan polarized and partially plane polarized light?
- (g) What is optical pumping?
- (h) What is principle of laser?
- (i) What is acceptance cone in optical fibre?
- (j) Give at least two applications of holography in medical field.

#### **SECTION-B**

Attempt any five questions from this section. (10x5=50)

- 2. Derive the expression for time dilation. Show that it is a real effect.
- 3. Deduce an expression for variation of mass with velocity. At what speed the mass of an object becomes 2.25 times its rest mass.
- 4. Discuss the formation of interference fringes due to a wedge shape thin film seen by normally reflected sodium light. In Newton's ring experiment the diameter of 4<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> dark ring are 0.400 cm and 0.700 cm respectively. Deduce the diameter of 20<sup>th</sup> ring.
- 5. Obtain intensity expression for single slit Fraunhofer diffraction pattern. Light of wavelength 5500Å falls normally on a slit of width 22.0×10<sup>-5</sup> cm. Calculate the

(2)

- angular position of two minima on either side of central maxima.
- 6. Discuss construction and working of half shade polarimeter.
- 7. Discuss Einstein's cofficient. Find the relation between them.
- 8. What do you mean by attenuation in optical fibre. Discuss different types of losses in optical fibre.
- 9. Describe the process of construction and reconstruction of image on hologram. Also describe application of holography.

### **SECTION-C**

Attempt any two questions from this section. (15x2=30)

- 10. (a) Show that space time or interval between two events remains invariant under Lorentz transformation.
  - (b) Show the effect of introducing thin mica sheet in the path of one of interfering beam in young's double slit experiment.
  - (c) Find the mass and speed of electron with energy of 2 MeV.
- 11. (a) Explain the formation of spectrum by plane diffraction grating.

4500 (3) P.T.O.

- (b) Explain how wavelength of sodium light can be calculated from Fresnel biprisim experiment.
- (c) If the population ratio between two energy states in Ruby laser is  $2 \times 10^{-40}$ , emitting a light beam of wavelength 6943Å. Find the temperature of energy states.
- 12. (a) Discuss the difference between single mode fibre and multimode fibre.
  - (b) Explain construction and working of Nicol prism.
  - (c) A step index fibre has core refractive index 1.466, cladding refractive indes 1.460, compute the maximum radius allowed, if fibre support only one mode by using wavelength of 5000Å.

## **Physical Constants:**

Mass of electron,  $m_0 = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ 

Mass of proton,  $m_p = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ 

Speed of light, c =  $3 \times 10^8$  m/s

Planck's constant,  $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J/s}$ 

Charge on electron,  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$ 

Boltzmann's constant =  $1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{m}^2 \text{kgs}^{-2} \text{K}^{-1}$ 

—x—