# **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2011**

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME
28-04-2011	CHEMISTRY	02.30 PM to 03.50 PM

MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

MENTION YOUR	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS		
CET NUMBER	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER	
-329	A - 1	727393	

#### DOs :

- Check whether the CET No. has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- This Question Booklet is issued to you by the Invigilator after the 2<sup>nd</sup> Bell, i.e., after 02.30 p.m.
- 3. The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
- The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should be shaded completely.
- 5. Compulsory sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer shoet in the space provided.

#### DON'TS:

- 1. The timing and marks printed on the OMR answer sheet should not be damaged/mutilated/spoiled.
- The 3<sup>rd</sup> Bell rings at 02.40 p.m. till then;
  - Do not remove the seal/staple present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
  - . Do not look inside this question booklet.
  - . Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

#### IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have one statement and four distructers (four different options / choices).
- After the 3<sup>rd</sup> Bell is rung at 62.40 p.m., remove the scal/staple present on the right hand side of this question booklet and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
- 3. During the subsequent 70 minutes :
  - Read each question carefully.
  - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available distracters (options/choices) given under each
    question/statement.
  - Completely darken/shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALLPOINT PEN against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

### CORRECT METHOD OF SHADING THE CIRCLE ON THE OMR SHEET IS AS SHOWN BELOW:



- Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR sheet will also be recognized and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
- Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
- After the last bell is rung at 03.50 p.m., stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
- 7. Hand over the OMR answer sheet to the room Invigilator as it is.
- After separating and retaining the top sheet (KEA Copy), the Invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
- 9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.

SR - 49

Turn Over

## CHEMISTRY

- 1. Which one of the following statements is FALSE?
  - During reasting, moisture is removed from the ore.
  - The ore is freed from almost all nonmetallic impurities.
  - Calcination of ore is carried out in the absence of any blast of air.
  - 4) The concentrated zinc blende is subjected to calcination during its extraction by pyrometallurgy.
- Which one of the following sets of quantum numbers represents the highest energy level 2. in an atom?

1) 
$$n = 4$$
,  $l = 0$ ,  $m = 0$ ,  $s = +\frac{1}{2}$  2)  $n = 3$ ,  $l = 1$ ,  $m = 1$ ,  $s = +\frac{1}{2}$ 

2) 
$$n=3$$
,  $l=1$ ,  $m=1$ ,  $s=+\frac{1}{2}$ 

3) 
$$n = 3$$
,  $l = 2$ ,  $m = -2$ ,  $s = +\frac{1}{2}$ 

3) 
$$n=3$$
,  $l=2$ ,  $m=-2$ ,  $s=+\frac{1}{2}$  4)  $n=3$ ,  $l=0$ ,  $m=0$ ,  $s=+\frac{1}{2}$ 

- 3. When  $O_z$  is converted into  $O_z^*$ ; .....
  - 1) both paramagnetic character and bond order increase
  - bond order decreases
  - 3) paramagnetic character increases
  - paramagnetic character decreases and the bond order increases
- In chromite ore, the exidation number of iron and chromium are respectively ...... 4.

The number of naturally occurring p-block elements that are diamagnetic is ......

- If the energies of the two photons are in the ratio of 3:2, their wavelengths will be in the ratio of
  - 1) 9:4

2) 2:3

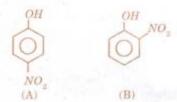
3) 1:2

- 4) 3:2
- 7. Which one of these is NOT TRUE for benzene?
  - There are three carbon-carbon single bonds and three carbon-carbon double bonds.
  - 2) It forms only one type of monosubstituted product
  - The bond angle between carbon-carbon bonds is 120°.
  - 4) Heat of hydrogenation of benzene is less than the theoretical value.
- - 1) Na and Mg

2) Be and B

3) N and O

- 4) Mg and Al
- 9. Out of the given two compounds, the vapour pressure of B at a particular temperature
  - 1) lower than that of A
  - 2) higher than that of A
  - 3) same as that of A
  - higher or lower than A depending on the size of the vessel



- 10. Increasing order of carbon-carbon bond length for the following is .........
  - $C_2H_4$
- $C_{o}H_{o}$
- $C_0H_0$
- $C_2H_0$

- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)

1) B < C < A < D

2) C < B < A < D

3) B < A < C < D

4) D < C < A < B

- - 1) 31.5

2) 75

3) 25

4) 40.2

1) 10 cm<sup>3</sup>

2) 12 cm<sup>3</sup>

3) 16.2 cm<sup>3</sup>

4) 21.0 cm<sup>3</sup>

13. The rms velocity of hydrogen is √7 times the rms velocity of nitrogen. If T is the temperature of the gas, which of the following is true?

1)  $T_{N_2} = T_{H_2}$ 

2)  $T_{H_0} = \sqrt{7} T_{N_0}$ 

3)  $T_{N_0} = 2T_{H_0}$ 

4)  $T_{N_2} = \sqrt{7} \, T_{H_2}$ 

14. 25 g of each of the following gases are taken at 27°C and 600 mm pressure. Which of these will have the least volume?

1) HBr

2) HCI

3) HF

4) HI

 The amount of heat evolved when 500 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.1 M HCl is mixed with 200 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.2 M NaOH is ..............

1.292 kJ

2) 2.292 kJ

0.292 kJ

4) 22.9 kJ

- - 1) -100

2) +100

3) +342

- 4) -342
- 17. Based on the first law of thermodynamics, which one of the following is correct?
  - For an isothermal process, q = +w
  - 2) For an isochoric process,  $\Delta U = -q$
  - 3) For an adiabatic process,  $\Delta U = -\omega$
  - For a cyclic process, q = -w
- Consider the following gaseous equilibria with equilibrium constants K<sub>1</sub> and K<sub>2</sub> respectively.

$$SO_{1(y)} + \frac{1}{2} O_{1(y)} \Longrightarrow SO_{1(y)}$$

$$2SO_{3(g)} \Longrightarrow 2SO_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)}$$

The equilibrium constants are related as ......

1) 
$$2K_1 = K_2^2$$

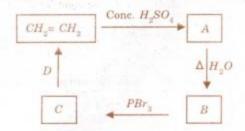
2) 
$$K_1^2 = \frac{1}{K_2}$$

3) 
$$K_2^2 = \frac{1}{K_1}$$

4) 
$$K_1 = \frac{2}{K_1^2}$$

- 19. During the adsorption of Krypton on activated charcoal at low temperature; ......
  - 1)  $\Delta H < 0$  and  $\Delta S < 0$
- 2)  $\Delta H > 0$  and  $\Delta S < 0$
- 3)  $\Delta H > 0$  and  $\Delta S > 0$
- 4)  $\Delta H < 0$  and  $\Delta S > 0$
- 20. For the reversible reaction, A<sub>(x)</sub> + B<sub>(x)</sub> == C<sub>(x)</sub> + D<sub>(x)</sub> ΔG<sup>0</sup> = -350 kJ, which one of the following statements is true?
  - 1) The reaction is thermodynamically nonfeasible,
  - 2) The entropy change is negative.
  - 3) Equilibrium constant is greater than one.
  - The reaction should be instantaneous.

21. Identify B and D in the following sequence of reactions.



- 1) Methanol and bromoethane
- 2) Ethyl hydrogen sulphate and alcoholic KOH
- 3) Ethyl hydrogen sulphate and aqueous KOH
- 4) Ethanol and alcoholic KOH
- 22. The compound which gives turbidity immediately with Lucas reagent at room temperature is ......
  - 1) butan-1-ol

- 2) butan-2-ol
- 3) 2-methyl propan-2-ol
- 4) 2-methyl propan-1-ol
- 23. Ethyl benzene CANNOT be prepared by ......
  - 1) Wurtz reaction

- 2) Wurtz-Fittig reaction
- 3) Friedel-Crafts reaction
- 4) Clemmensen reduction
- 1.2 g of organic compound on Kjeldahlization liberates ammonia which consumes 30 cm<sup>3</sup> of 1 N HCl. The percentage of nitrogen in the organic compound is ..........
  - 1) 30

2) 35

3) 46.67

- 4) 20.8
- 25. Carbon cannot reduce Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> to Fe at a temperature below 983 K because ..........
  - free energy change for the formation of CO is more negative than that of Fe<sub>0</sub>O<sub>1</sub>
  - CO is thermodynamically more stable than Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>
  - 3) carbon has higher affinity towards oxygen than iron
  - 4) iron has higher affinity towards oxygen than carbon

26.	The yellow precipitate formed du	oring the chromyl chloride test is chemically
	1) chromic acid	2) lead chromate
	3) lead acetate	4) sodium chromate
27.		od between 10 cm³ of molten zinc and 100 cm³ of molten silver still left in the lead layer is approximately
	1) 2	2) 5
	3) 3	4) 1
28.	Which one of the following is tru	e?
	1) NaOH is used in the co	ncentration of bauxite ore.
	2) NaOH is a primary star	ndard in volumetric analysis.
	3) Manganous hydroxide is	s soluble in excess of NaOH solution.
	4) NaOH solution does not	t react with Cl <sub>2</sub> .
29.	In Ramsay and Rayleigh's isola is finally converted into	tion of noble gases from air, the nitrogen of the air
	1) NaNO <sub>2</sub> only	2) NO and NO <sub>2</sub>
	3) NaNO <sub>3</sub> only	4) NaNO <sub>2</sub> and NaNO <sub>3</sub>
30.	The spin only magnetic moment	of Fe <sup>2+</sup> ion (in BM) is approximately
	1) 4	2) 7
	3) 5	4) 6

- 31. The IUPAC name of the complex  $\left[Co\left(NH_{z}\right)_{i}Cl_{z}\right]Cl$  is ......
  - . 1) dichloro tetraammine cobalt (III) chloride
    - 2) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (III) chloride
    - 3) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (II) chloride
    - 4) tetraammine dichloro cobalt (IV) chloride
- - 1) 287×10-1

2) 143.5 × 10<sup>-1</sup>

3) 143.5 × 10<sup>-1</sup>

- 4) 287×10°
- 33. The following data were obtained during the first order decomposition of  $2A_{(g)} \rightarrow B_{(g)} + C_{(g)}$  at a constant volume and at a particular temperature.

Sr. No.	Time	Total pressure in Pascal	
1 At the end of 10 min		300	
2	After completion	200	

The rate constant in min-1 is .....

1) 0.0693

2) 69.3

3) 6.93

- 4) 6.93 × 10<sup>-4</sup>
- 34. The time required for 100% completion of a zero order reaction is ......
  - 1) ah

 $2) \frac{a}{2h}$ 

3)  $\frac{a}{k}$ 

- 4)  $\frac{2h}{a}$
- - 1) 0.01

2) 0.1

3) 0.02

4) 0.001

19.62	and and bear	of militaly	and of the	no following	is NEVY	equal to one?
30.	DIT VALUE	OI WHICH	OTHE OF P	DE TOTTOWN THE	112 74 114	nelecte no curter-

- 1) 0.1 M CH, COOH
- 2) 0.1 M HNO,
- 3) 0.05 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
- 4) 50 cm<sup>3</sup> 0.4 M HCl + 50 cm<sup>3</sup> 0.2 M NaOH

1) pKa

2)  $pK_a + 2$ 

3) pKa - Log 2

4)  $pK_a + Log 2$ 

38. 
$$H_2S$$
 is passed into one dm<sup>0</sup> of a solution containing 0.1 mole of  $Zn^{2s}$  and 0.01 mole of  $Cu^{2s}$  till the sulphide ion concentration reaches  $8.1 \times 10^{-m}$  moles. Which one of the following statements is true?

 $|K_{up}$  of ZnS and CuS are 3  $\times$  10  $^{-22}$  and 8  $\times$  10  $^{-36}$  respectively)

- 1) Only ZnS precipitates
- 2) Both CuS and ZnS precipitate
- 3) Only CuS precipitates
- 4) No precipitation occurs

- (i)  $Zn(s) | Zn^{2s} (0.1 M) | Cu^{2s} (1 M) | Cu(s)$
- (ii)  $Zn(s) | Zn^{3r}(1M) | | Cu^{2r}(1M) | Cu(s)$
- (iii)  $Zn(s) | Zn^{2s} (1M) | | Cu^{2s} (0.1M) | Cu(s)$

Which one of the following is true?

1) E, > E, > E,

2)  $E_1 > E_2 > E_3$ 

3)  $E_x > E_1 > E_y$ 

4)  $E_3 > E_2 > E_1$ 

1) 10

2) 8

3) 9

4) 12

			11	** *
41.				moles of electrons in its redox reaction is reaction of the cell is
		1030		105
		10	4)	1010
42.	magnesi		ined is completely	through fused anhydrous $MgCl_{g}$ . The converted into a Grignard reagent. The
		5 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		1×10-4
		5 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>		1 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>
43.	compou	pirical formula of a nd exerts the same ar formula of the cor	osmotic pressure	CH <sub>g</sub> O. A solution containing 3 g of the as that of 0.05 M glucose solution. The
		CH_O		$C_2H_4O_2$
	3)	$C_4H_5O_4$	4)	$C_3H_6O_3$
44.	Which o	ne of the following i	s a covalent crysti	ul?
	1)	Rock salt	2)	Ice
	3)	Quartz	4)	Dry ice
45.	Which o	one of the following	DOES NOT involv	e congulation?
	1)	Clotting of blood b	y the use of ferric	chloride
	2)	Formation of delta	region	

- 3) Treatment of drinking water by potash alum
- 4) Peptization

46.	A selution of them. Hence	of two liquids boils a e, the binary solution	t a temperature n shows	e more than the boiling point of either of
	1) ne	gative deviation from	m Raoult's law	
	2) po	sitive deviation from	Raoult's law	
	3) no	deviation from Rao	ult's law	
	4) po	citive or negative dev	viation from Ra	oult's law depending upon the composition
				0
				11
47.	Which one	of the nitrogen atom	s in $H_2N - NH$	$I-C-NH_{\odot}$ is the most nucleophilic?
			1 11	Ш
	1) II	I .		
	2) 1			
	3) II		- 17	to a such a letter and the
	4) A	l three nitrogen ato	ms are equally	strong nucleophilic centers
48.	The maxim	um number of possil	ble optical isom	ers in 1-bromo-2-methyl cyclobutane is
	1) 4		2)	2
	3) 8		4)	16
49.	Which one	of the following is t	he most energe	tic conformation of cyclohexane?
	1) B		2)	Twisted boat
	3) C	hair	4)	Half chair
50.	Which one the present	of the following is a se of anhydrous AlC	n intermediate / <sub>3</sub> ?	in the reaction of benzene with CH <sub>3</sub> Cl in
	1) C	r	2)	$CH_2^-$
				+
	3) (	H:	4)	

- 51. Which one of the following is NOT TRUE for the hydrolysis of t-butyl bromide with nqueous NaOH? Reaction occurs through the S<sub>x</sub>1 mechanism. The intermediate formed is a carbocation. Rate of the reaction doubles when the concentration of alkali is doubled. 4) Rate of the reaction doubles when the concentration of t-butyl bromide is doubled. Following is the substitution reaction in which -CN replaces -CI.  $R-Cl + KCN \xrightarrow{\Delta} R-CN + KCl$ To obtain propanenitrile, R-Cl should be ..... 1) chloroethane 2) 1-chloropropane 3) chloromethane 4) 2-chloropropane The conversion of m-nitrophenol to resorcinol involves respectively ...... 1) hydrolysis, diazotization and reduction 2) diazotization, reduction and hydrolysis
- 54. Formic acid is a stronger acid than acetic acid. This can be explained using ......
  - 1) +M effect

2) -I effect

3) +I effect

4) -M effect

55. The reagent with which both acetaldehyde and acetone react is ......

hydrolysis, reduction and diazotization
 reduction, diazotization and hydrolysis

1) Fehling's solution

2) I, / NaOH

3) Tollens' reagent

4) Carbonic acid

- 56. Which of the following gives an aldehyde on dry distillation?
  - 1) Calcium formate + calcium acetate
  - 2) Calcium acetate + calcium benzoate
  - 3) Calcium acetate
  - 4) Calcium benzoate
- 57. α-maltose consists of
  - 1) one  $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranose unit and one  $\beta$ -D-glucopyranose unit with 1-2 glycosidic linkage
  - two α-D-glucopyranese units with 1-2 glycosidic linkage
    - 3) two β-D-glucopyranose units with 1-4 glycosidic linkage
    - 4) two α-D-giucopyranose units with 1-4 glycosidic linkage
- 58. Which one of the following DOES NOT correctly match with each other?
  - 1) Silk-polyamide

2) Lipase-enzyme

3) Butter-fat

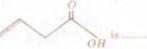
- 4) Oxytocin-enzyme
- 59. In an alkaline medium, glycine predominantly exists as in a/an
  - 1) cation

2) anion

3) zwitterion

4) covalent form

60. The IUPAC name of



1) but-3-enoic acid

2) but-1-enoic acid

3) pent-4-enoic acid

4) prop-2 enoic acid